AP Calculus

7.3 Worksheet (Day 1)

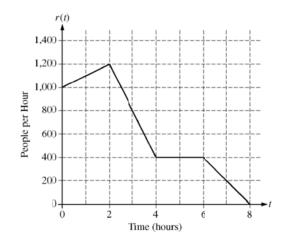
All work must be shown in this course for full credit. Unsupported answers may receive NO credit.

- 1. The base of a solid is the region enclosed by the graph of $y = e^{-x}$, the coordinate axes, and the line x = 3. If all plane cross sections perpendicular to the x axis are squares, then its volume is
 - A) $\frac{1-e^{-6}}{2}$
 - B) $\frac{1}{2}e^{-6}$
 - C) e^{-6}
 - D) e^{-3}
 - E) $1 e^{-3}$
- 2. [Calculator] The base of a solid *S* is the region enclosed by the graph of $y = \sqrt{\ln x}$, the line x = e, and the *x*-axis. If the cross sections of *S* perpendicular to the x- axis are semicircles, then the volume of *S* is

3. The base of a solid is the region bounded by the lines $f(x) = 1 - \frac{x}{2}$, $g(x) = -1 + \frac{x}{2}$, and x = 0. If the cross sections perpendicular to the *x*-axis are equilateral triangles, find the volume of the solid.

- 4. [Calculator] Let R be the region enclosed by the graphs of $y = \ln(x^2 + 1)$ and $y = \cos x$.
 - a) Find the area of R.
- b) The base of a solid is the region *R*. Each cross section of the solid perpendicular to the *x*-axis is an equilateral triangle. Write an expression involving one or more integrals that gives the volume of the solid. Do not evaluate.

- 5. Complete the following questions from your textbook: page 406 #1, 3, 41, and 42
- 6. There are 700 people in line for a popular amusement-park ride when the ride begins operation in the morning. Once it begins operation, the ride accepts passengers until the park closes 8 hours later. While there is a line, people move onto the ride at a rate of 800 people per hour. The graph above shows the rate, r(t), at which people arrive at the ride throughout the day. Time t is measured in hours from the time the ride begins operation.
 - a) How many people arrive at the ride between t = 0 and t = 3? Show the computations that lead to your answer.



- b) Is the number of people waiting in line to get on the ride increasing or decreasing between t = 2 and t = 3? Justify your answer.
- c) At what time *t* is the line for the ride the longest? How many people are in line at that time? Justify your answers.
- d) Write, but do not solve, an equation involving an integral expression of r whose solution gives the earliest time t at which there is no longer a line for the ride.